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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A plant containing a recombinant nucleic acid construct comprising a nucleic acid encoding a cytosolic ACCase operably linked to a promoter, wherein said construct lacks a nucleic acid encoding a transit peptide operably linked to said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase, wherein said plant produces seeds that exhibit a statistically significant increase in oil content as compared to seeds produced by a corresponding plant lacking said nucleic acid construct.
- 2. The plant of claim 1, wherein said increase in oil content is from about 5% to about 25% greater on a dry weight basis.
 - 3. The plant of claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid encodes a plant cytosolic ACCase.
 - 4. The plant of claim 3, wherein said nucleic acid encodes an alfalfa cytosolic ACCase.
 - 5. The plant of claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid encoding said ACCase lacks introns.
 - 6. The plant of claim 1, wherein said promoter is a cauliflower mosaic virus (CaMV) 35S promoter.
- 7. The plant of claim 6, wherein said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase lacks introns.
 - 8. The plant of claim 1, wherein said plant is a soybean plant.
 - 9. The plant of claim 1, wherein said plant is a *Brassica* plant.

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- 10. The plant of claim 9, wherein said plant is selected from the group consisting of *Brassica napus*, *Brassica rapa*, *Brassica juncea*, *Brassica carinata*, *Brassica nigra* and *Brassica oleracea*.
 - 11. Seeds produced by the plant of claim 1.
- 12. Progeny of the plant of claim 1, wherein said progeny produce seeds that exhibit said statistically significant increase in oil content.
- 13. A plant containing a recombinant nucleic acid construct comprising a promoter operably linked to a cytosolic ACCase coding sequence, wherein said cytosolic ACCase coding sequence lacks introns, wherein said plant produces seeds that exhibit a statistically significant increase in oil content as compared to seeds produced by a corresponding plant lacking said nucleic acid construct.
 - 14. The plant of claim 13, wherein said promoter is a CaMV 35S promoter.
 - 15. The plant of claim 13, wherein said promoter is seed-specific.
 - 16. The plant of claim 13, wherein said construct further comprises a nucleic acid encoding a transit peptide operably linked to said cytosolic ACCase coding sequence.
 - 17. A method of producing a plant, comprising:
 - (a) providing a plant comprising a nucleic acid construct comprising a nucleic acid encoding a cytosolic ACCase operably linked to a promoter; and
 - (b) selecting, for at least one generation, progeny plants that produce seeds exhibiting a statistically significant increase in oil content as compared to seeds produced by a corresponding plant lacking said nucleic acid construct.
 - 18. The method of claim 17, wherein said increase in oil content is from about 5% to about 25% greater on a dry weight basis.

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- 19. The method of claim 17, wherein said nucleic acid encodes a plant cytosolic ACCase.
- 5 20. The method of claim 19, wherein said nucleic acid encodes an alfalfa cytosolic ACCase.
 - 21. The method of claim 17, wherein said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase lacks introns.
 - 22. The method of claim 17, wherein said promoter is a CaMV 35S promoter.
 - 23. The method of claim 17, wherein said selecting is for at least three generations.
 - 24. The method of claim 17, wherein said construct further comprises a nucleic acid sequence encoding a transit peptide operably linked to said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase.
 - 25. The method of claim 24, wherein said nucleic acid encoding said transit peptide encodes a tobacco small subunit Rubisco transit peptide.
 - 26. The method of claim 24, wherein said promoter is a CaMV 35S promoter.
- 25 27. The method of claim 26, wherein said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase lacks introns.
 - 28. The method of claim 17, wherein said construct lacks nucleic acid sequences encoding a transit peptide operably linked to said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase.

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- 29. The method of claim 28, wherein said promoter is a CaMV 35S promoter.
- 30. The method of claim 29, wherein said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase lacks introns.
 - 31. The method of claim 17, wherein said plant is a *Brassica* plant.
- 32. The method of claim 31, wherein said plant is selected from the group consisting of *Brassica napus*, *Brassica rapa*, *Brassica juncea*, *Brassica carinata*, *Brassica nigra* and *Brassica oleracea*.
 - 33. A method of producing a plant, comprising the steps of:
- (a) introducing a construct into one or more plants, said construct comprising a nucleic acid encoding a cytosolic acetyl ACCase operably linked to a promoter, wherein progeny of one or more of said transgenic plants, following at least one generation of selection, produce seeds that exhibit a statistically significant increase in oil content as compared to seeds produced by a corresponding plant lacking said nucleic acid encoding said ACCase.
 - 34. A method of increasing the oil content in seeds, comprising the steps of:
- (a) creating one or more plants containing a nucleic acid construct, said nucleic acid construct comprising a nucleic acid encoding a cytosolic ACCase operably linked to a promoter; and
- (b) selecting progeny of said one or more plants that exhibit a statistically significant increase in oil content in seeds as compared to seeds produced by a corresponding plant lacking said nucleic acid encoding said ACCase.
- 35. The method of claim 34, wherein said selection step comprises selecting progeny that contain said nucleic acid construct.

- 36. A nucleic acid construct comprising a cytosolic ACCase coding sequence operably linked to a promoter, wherein said construct lacks a nucleic acid encoding a transit peptide operably linked to said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase.
- 37. The nucleic acid construct of claim 36, wherein said cytosolic ACCase coding sequence lacks introns.
 - 38. A nucleic acid construct comprising a cytosolic ACCase coding sequence operably linked to a promoter, wherein said cytosolic ACCase coding sequence lacks introns.
 - 39. The nucleic acid construct of claim 38, wherein said construct further comprises a nucleic acid sequence encoding a transit peptide operably linked to said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase.